

Hopkinsville Kentuckian.

VOL XVIII.

HOPKINSVILLE, KENTUCKY, TUESDAY, JULY 21, 1896.

NO. 56

Our Fur Flying Sale...

Is turning out some of the best bargains ever sold in our store, and that's saying a good deal. Big reductions in every department.

Special...

100 pairs Men's odd pants, original price \$2.50 for 99¢ (last season's pattern.)

Misses and Children's Oxfords.

Original price \$1.00
and \$1.25 for 50c.

J. H. Anderson & Co.

EDUCATIONAL BETHEL FEMALE COLLEGE HOPKINSVILLE, KY.

A HOME SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

Re-organized. Ten (10) able and experienced teachers. A thorough course in Ancient and Modern Languages, English, Mathematics, Music, Science, Art and Education. Collegiate, Preparatory and Primary department. Building renovated, furniture new, electric lights. Send for Catalogue or information.

EDMUND HARRISON, President.

Our Big

Summer Cut Price Sale

is going on all this month--July.

Read These Prices

Men's Shoes.

\$5.00 Shoes	for \$3.00
5.00 Shoes	for 3.50
4.00 Shoes	for 3.00
3.00 Shoes	for 2.25
2.00 Shoes	for 1.50

Ladies' Shoes and Oxfords.

\$3.00 Shoes	for \$2.25
2.50 Shoes	for 1.80
2.00 Shoes	for 1.40
1.50 Shoes	for 1.24

Mixed Lot of Oxfords.

50c, 75c.....	and \$1.00
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Misses' Oxfords and Slippers.

Mixed Lot 50c, 75c and \$1.00.....	worth \$1.25 to \$1.50
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Men's Flats.

\$5.00 Hat (Stetson's make)	for \$4.00
4.00 Hat	for 3.00
3.50 Hat	for 2.75
3.00 Hat (our own brand)	for 1.99
2.00 Hat	for 1.49
1.50 Hat	for 1.00

All Straw Hats 50c Each.

Monarch Negligee Shirts.	Work Shirts.
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\$1.00 Shirt	for \$1.00
1.25 Shirt	for 75
1.00 Shirt	less than cost

It will pay you to call before this sale is over. Remember it stops Aug. 1.

PETREE & CO.

SIGN OF THE BIG BOOT.

VOTE IN GOTHAM.

TEST BALLOT WHICH SHOWS THE WIND IS BLOWING BOTH WAYS.

Many Democrats who declare their intention of voting for McKinley, and Many Republicans who will take Bryan and Sewall in Their turn.

[New York Journal.]

"Straws show which way the wind blows."

One hundred special reporters from the Journal left this office at 6 o'clock yesterday morning to take a test presidential vote of 10,000 men doing business in and around this city. There was a canvasser on every early morning train and ferry boat going out of New York to the towns near by and over one coming in from them to this city. In the city every cable car and every elevated train carried a man with Journal ballots. Late in the day the little army of state election poll clerks circulated among the workingmen in all parts of the city. In all over 10,000 votes were taken.

Of the voters there happened to be 1,200 more Republicans than Democrats, while 900 Democrats signed their intention of voting for McKinley, while 500 of the 5,600 Republicans said they would vote for Bryan.

The facts must be taken into consideration that this poll was taken in New York, a gold standard city; in New Jersey, where Bryan is considered for Vice-President is a favorite son of the State, and in Long Island and Brooklyn, where the Democracy is baldly split.

Here are the exact figures:

Total number of Democrats voting..... 4,477

Total number of Republicans voting..... 5,603

Total number of voters..... 10,060

Democrats for McKinley..... 5,138

Republicans for McKinley..... 4,638

Democrats for Bryan..... 456

Republicans for Bryan..... 4,444

McKinley's majority..... 2,420

Many of the passengers on the various railroads and ferry boats declared their political faith, but refused to state the ticket they would vote. At the more than twelfth hour, however, Hirschel, a green man, signed as "sound money Democrat" and declared that they will vote neither ticket.

Fully a score wrote "On the fence" on their tickets, while others, more sedate, expressed the same opinion when they wrote "Will wait to see what the other side does. Am not yet convinced."

One man said that he did not know the meaning of "free silver" and "gold basis." The terms were explained to him, but he would not say he understood them.

The general result of this poll is significant. It shows that the silver line of cleavage runs across both parties. Just at present it cuts deeper into the Democratic than into the Republican organization, but so much so that in the next few weeks it will cut in this stronghold of sound money as it has been generally assumed to be. The great bulk of each party will stick to its regular candidate. The important question now is which way the rift will extend further. There is evidently abundant opportunity for missionary work on both sides, and the side that does the better will win.

Saturday's conventions.

Precinct Conventions will be held at 28 precincts of the county on next Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock to appoint delegates to the county convention.

Each precinct will be entitled to one delegate in the county convention.

In the appointment of delegates to the district convention to be held at Madisonville, each candidate shall be allowed his proportion of the delegate vote of the county according to his popularity.

The representation of the several counties in the district convention shall be fixed upon the basis of one delegate vote for each 200 votes and fraction over 100 cast for P. W. Hardin for Governor in 1895, provided that each county shall be entitled to one delegate in the county convention.

The representation of the several counties in the district convention shall be fixed upon the basis of one delegate vote for each 200 votes and fraction over 100 cast for P. W. Hardin in 1895. The counties are entitled to the following representation:

Christian 12, Hancock 8, Hopkins 10, Union 9, Davies 13, Henderson 7, McLean 3, Webster 5.

None but democrats know to be such and such persons claiming to be democrats and agree to support them in the convention shall be allowed to participate in the convention to be held under this rule.

The precinct is made the unit. The precinct vote is not to be prorated but may instruct for first, second and third, or be divided if the voters of the precinct do so.

Chairman, D. H. Hughes, Secretary, S. D. Cooke, T. J. Morrow, J. S. Stirmann, H. E. Beverly, S. V. Dixon.

The following list shows the delegate strength of the 28 precincts:

DISTRICTS DELEGATES.

Hopkinsville No. 1..... 3

No. 2..... 1

No. 3..... 3

No. 4..... 4

Concord..... 1

Palmyra..... 1

Bethel..... 1

Casy..... 1

Gordonville..... 2

South Penrose..... 2

North Penrose..... 2

Brent's Shop..... 1

Greenwood..... 2

Edwards' Mill..... 2

Perry's School H..... 3

Lafayette..... 2

Bennettstown..... 1

Howell..... 2

W. C. Crockett..... 1

John C. Clegg..... 1

Easton School H..... 2

Bainbridge..... 2

Buff Springs..... 1

Dogwood..... 1

Baker's Mill..... 1

Lantrip's..... 1

Total..... 49

DR. CLARDY'S CANVASS.

He Finds a Wonderful Sentiment for Bryan throughout Daviess County.

Dr. Clardy returned to Owensboro yesterday afternoon after making a very thorough canvass of Daviess county. He says that in his rounds through the county he found but one Democrat who said he would not vote for Bryan and Sewall.

The masses of the Democracy he found most enthusiastic over the Chicago ticket and platform, and the Populists, too, so far as he came in contact with them. He met Bert Birchard, the Populist who had been assured he was for Bryan. Hilary Aud, the Knottsville Republican-Populist leader, told him that he proposed to follow Teller; if Teller was for Bryan he would support Bryan. Here and there a few Republicans who were ready to renounce the party of the gold standard.

Dr. Clardy feels encouraged to believe that there will be a tremendous vote in Daviess county in November in favor of the Democratic ticket. He believes Daviess county, from what he could learn at Philpot, Ensor, Kirkmanville, Kevil, and Paducah, Sorech, West Louisville, Panther, Utes and other points, as well as from the farmers along the roadside, will be a tremendous vote for Bryan.

Dr. Clardy left yesterday for the convention to be held at Princeton on Saturday, August 1, and has found the situation in other counties similar to that in Daviess.

He is very busy, and over Democratic prospects, and says that the country is in a fever of excitement.

He thinks the whole country is in a fever of excitement.

At a meeting of the Democratic

Committee of the second Congressional District of Kentucky, held in Henderson on March 27, 1896, pursuant to call, there were present Chairman Chas. M. Meacham, Judge T. J. Morrow, of Daviess county, S. D. Cook, of Hopkins county, H. E. Beverly of Henderson county, D. H. Hughes of Union county, and S. V. Dixon of Union county.

Congressional Convention.

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AN EVERYDAY EVENT.

Five dollars in my pocket
That I would never dare to show,
For its dainty supererogation.
Was indited long ago,
By the crippled hand that pained it
With a hand too weak to hold
When we spooned among the shadows
Of the summer days of old.

And, upon one summer day,
Handed me a little letter,
So I put it in my pocket.
With a vow to mail it soon;
Or that day in June

And to-day my clothing-cleaner,
With an air of mystery,
Brought it to me and bled,
With its dainty superscription.
Was the letter I forgot.

—Chicago Record.

AT ARM'S LENGTH.

"Here's another letter, Ellen, from that wretched cousin of mine," said Rev. Horace Bernard, looking up from his breakfast with an air of utter disgust. "It's the same old story, I suppose, gambling and drinking! I fear no power on earth can save him."

His gentle little wife made no answer, but looked as if she were thinking deeply.

"When I first knew him," he continued, "he was as handsome and bright a young fellow as one could wish to see, a really promising artist; now, Ellen, I solemnly assure you, it makes me ill to look at him. Paul, he scarcely takes the trouble to dress himself decently." Mr. Bernard was somewhat fatigued.

"I suppose he is dreadfully poor," murmured his wife pitifully.

"Poor! Yes, he deserves to be poor. I have no patience with him at all. Look, Ellen, he has tossed the letter across the table—he expects me to go to him at any time of the day or night that he chooses to send."

"But, Horace, he says he is ill."

"I dare say he is ill. I really believe it; but I have my sermon to prepare, and I must attend to that, whatever is left undone. Well, Nellie, don't you agree with me?" Rev. Horace spoke rather sharply, as if he had read disquiet in her face.

"If he is so very bad, Horace, perhaps—"

"Oh, he'll pull through, Ellen. Don't worry about him. I'll go this evening, but he will have to wait till then. It is of no use, I cannot preach without taking time to prepare."

So saying, he pushed back his chair, and retired to his study. He was a nervous, excitable man, and the letter had irritated him. All day long the thought of his ne'er-do-well cousin seemed to put him out of sorts. His thoughts ran on him instead of the grammar text on which he wished to concentrate.

"God is love, and he that dwelleth in love dwelleth in God, and God in him." His ideas on this occasion were rambling and incoherent; and though he worked all day and made more than one beginning, his sermon was a failure; and there was nothing to be done but to tear up his notes and make an entirely fresh attempt on the morrow.

"Well, Ellen," he said, with an air of grim determination, "I suppose I shall have to set off to the other end of the town to see what is the matter with that fellow. His wretched letter has spoiled my day's work. He is a worthless scamp, if ever there was one."

He was still in the same martyr spirit of severe endurance when he reached the shabby house that sheltered his disreputable cousin. As he looked around the forlorn room, and at its still more forlorn occupant, who was tossing on a miserable bed opposite the uncertain door, he felt that it was very hard that a member of his own family should be so utterly lost to all sense of what was right and fitting.

"I am very sorry to trouble you, Horace," muttered the sick man. (Mr. Bernard made an impatient gesture at the familiar address), "but if I can't get a few dollars from somewhere I shall be turned into the street. If I had only been well I could have finished that to-day." He pointed a picture on a little easel by the window.

Mr. Bernard slowly unbent his coat, and drew out his pocket-book, asking: "What do you need besides the rent?"

"I have nothing; neither food nor medicine."

"You should be ashamed of yourself, Martin. You ought not need help again."

Martin made no reply; nor did he listen to the warnings and exhortations which accompanied the visit he had requested. He had bowed them aside, and he consoled himself under the misfortune of having to endure them again by the reflection that preaching was his cousin's business. Unhappily, Horace Bernard's curt, contemptuous manner towards him confirmed this impression; yet he was not only eloquent and learned, but had a most sincere desire to do his duty, and to benefit those with whom he came in contact. Now, though he could ill

spare the time to linger in Martin's small lodgings, he justified his visit and conversation, holding against hope to be of some real service to the man, beyond and above supplying his bodily needs. Alas, his well-meant words were worse than useless, for even his attitude, as he stood stiff and unbending in the center of the room, spoke loudly of the disgust he felt. Had not Martin learned to hide his feelings, and to humble himself in his misfortunes, his secret or open visitor out of the place. As it was, he endured his presence in silence.

"Nothing I can say affects him," lamented Mr. Bernard when he reached home. "I do believe he has no spark of gratitude in his composition."

"What is the matter with him, Horace?"

"I am afraid I didn't ask," he answered, a little pentively. "I looked ill, I noticed; but I rung him off. Why, Ellen, I have been helping him, off and on, for more than ten years. The worst of it is, one never knows whether one is not doing him more harm than good."

All night the thought of the wretched man alone and perhaps dying in his miserable room haunted Mrs. Bernard. She could not sleep for thinking of him, and soon after breakfast she set out to see for herself what ailed him. At noon that same day he returned. She went at once to her husband's study.

"Horace," she began, "I have been to see him, and I am sure that without proper care he will die."

"Who will die?" demanded the minister, absently, for he was still engrossed on the long deferred task of composing his sermon.

"Your cousin Martin, Horace," he answered, looking earnestly into his face, "let me bring him home!"

"Bring him here!" The tone expressed displeasure as strongly as words could do.

"You don't know what kind of man he is."

"I do, Horace; he has told me all. He never told me anything. Even last night I could not get a word out of him."

"He has sinned dreadfully, Horace, but he has suffered, too. Do let me nurse him. People have been very hard and cruel to him; but he has had a chance to become different."

"Hardly a chance? I am sure, Ellen, I have done what I could. I have given him money over and over again that I needed for other things."

"Yes, yes, I know that you have helped him, dear, but what he wants is a little kindness." Mrs. Bernard spoke impulsively, and was quite innocent of any ironical intention. "If he dies there, and as he is, we shall never forgive ourselves, and he is your own cousin, too."

Mr. Bernard did not want to do this thing, but as a Christian man, he dared not harshly refuse. He wished his wife had left Martin to him, so that he might want to bring the broken-down scoundrel to his door. He knew that she was still looking at him with those earnest, tender eyes, and to escape their scrutiny he began to read over the notes he had been writing. He had taken a new text: "Lord, if thou wilt Thou canst make me clean;" and this is what he read, only one short sentence: "The man was a leper, loathsome and unclean, but Jesus did not turn away; He touched and healed him. Whatever he had meant when he wrote the words, they now held both a lesson and a condemnation for him."

In France bicyclists are taxed at 12.225 a year and the annual receipts were about \$400,000.

Attention, Old Soldiers.

The manufacturers have instructed C. K. Wylie to give a bottle of 25c size of Foley's Colic and Diarrhea Cure free to the first soldier of the civil war that applies for same. It is the great remedy for chronic diarrhoea, cramp colic and all bowel complaints. For sale by R. C. Hardwick, druggist.

Boston has gone into the business of renting baby buggies for use in the public parks.

In the vicinity of Bouquet, Westmoreland Co., Pa., almost any one can tell you how to cure a lame back or stiff neck. They dampen a piece of flannel with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bind it on the affected parts and in one or two days the trouble is dispelled. This same treatment will promptly cure a pain in the side or chest. Mr. E. M. Frye, a prominent merchant of Bouquet, speaks very highly of Pain Balm, and his recommendations have had much to do with making it popular there. For sale by R. C. Hardwick, druggist.

In France bicyclists are taxed at 12.225 a year and the annual receipts were about \$400,000.

Fast trains from East, North and West. Florida has a great Plant System. Write B. W. Wren, P. T. M. Savannah, Ga., for folders and general literature.

Homesellers write B. W. Wren, P. T. M., Plant System, Savannah, Ga., for copy of the "Plant System's Compendium of Reliable Facts." It will be of interest and value to you.

In South Africa bicycles are used in great numbers and there are nearly 500,000 in use this season.

Wonderful! Marvelous!

are expressions frequently heard about effects of Foley's Kid Cure. Cure will fail to try its greatest remedy for any kidney trouble. For sale by C. K. Wylie.

Our farmers last year sent abroad 1,224 bushels of tea seed and packed \$1,483.

Mrs. Monroe Bell, wife of a farmer living half a mile east of Murray, was fatally burned yesterday afternoon. She was building a fire in a stove when her clothes became ignited. Her son, who could reach her, was dreadfully injured. At last account the unfortunate woman was in a dying condition.—Paducah News.

You need Hood's Sarsaparilla to cleanse and purify your blood, create an appetite and give strength, refreshing sleep.

Bleach must be considered as the founder of the science of anatomy and its greatest practical demonstrator.

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CIRCUIT COURT DIRECTORY.

TUESDAY—First Monday in February—term four weeks.
WEDNESDAY—Second Monday in March—term two weeks.
CHRISTMAS—Fourth Monday in February—term six weeks.
MONDAY—Second Monday in April—term four weeks.
MAY—Second Monday in May—term three weeks.
THURSDAY—First Monday in June—term two weeks.
LYON—First Monday in August—term two weeks.
MONDAY—First Monday in September—term two weeks.

Tutt's Pills
Cure All
Liver Ills.

To prevent
than cure. Tutt's Liver
Pills will not only cure, but if
taken in time will prevent
Sick Headache,
dyspepsia, biliousness, malaria,
constipation, jaundice, torpid
liver and kindred diseases.

TUTT'S Liver PILLS
ABSOLUTELY CURE.Quarterly Report
OF THE**Pembroke Deposit Bank**

(INCORPORATED.)

In Pembroke, Ky.,
at the close of business on the 30th day of

June, 1890.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts, less loans to Directors	\$ 86,656.21
Loans to Directors (officers not included)	317.60
Loans to others	2,525.00
Overdrafts, unused	719.47
Deposits in banks and bankers	6,660.00
Banking house and lot	1,560.00
Margin	1,000.00
Specie	946.30
Other items carried as Cash	2,100.00
Furniture and fixtures	1,000.00
Total	\$ 99,956.21

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in cash	\$ 7,000.00
Surplus fund	1,000.00
Dividends declared	1,000.00
Subject to check (on which interest is not paid)	316.37
Due to Banks & Bankers	14,565.62
Bills re-drawn	6,660.00
Unpaid bills	1,771.00
Items paid to you tax	1,000.00
Dividend this day 10% percent	1,600.00
Total	\$ 36,656.21

STATE OF KENTUCKY, vs:

County of Christian.
 W. H. Garrett, President of Pembroke Deposit Bank, located and doing business at North Christian, in the town of Pembroke, in Christian County, Kentucky, presents the foregoing report in all respects a true statement of the condition of his bank at the close of business on the 30th day of June, and also states that he has been engaged in building and further says that the business of his bank has been transferred at the location of his new bank, which is now in operation.

This above report is made in compliance with an order of the Board of Directors of the State Bank, State designating the 30th day of July as the day on which such report shall be made.

Subscribed and sworn to before me by W. H. Garrett, President, Christian, Ky., this 1st instant.

Eustace A. Hall,
W. H. G.W. W. GARNETT, President,
EUSTACE A. HALL, Director,
W. H. G.

J. H. WILLIAMS, " "

Constipation

Causes fully half the sickness in the world. It retains the digested food too long in the bowels, and produces biliousness, torpid liver, indi-

**Hood's
Pills**
gaster, bad taste, coated tongue, sick headache, etc. Hood's Pills are easily dissolved in water, and go down easily and thoroughly. No all drugs. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only pills to take with Hood's Saraparilla.

Farm for Sale.

Not sold privately before that time, 1st on Monday, September 7th, 1890, at public auction, in the city of Louisville, Ky., for the purpose of a division of the estate.

Consists of five fine farming land, situated in Old Town, Ky., 8½ miles south of Fairview, between the Ohio River and the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, at Flemingsburg, and being the farm formerly owned by B. Bowmer, deceased.

Land is well cultivated, over 200 acres of it being good tillable land.

On the farm there is a large brick man-

seum, etc. Hood's Pills

are easily dissolved in water, and go down easily and thoroughly. No all drugs.

Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

The only pills to take with Hood's Saraparilla.

For further information apply to

W. W. DODGE,
Executive Secretary, Newell, Ind.

Eustace A. Hall,
Flemingsburg, Ky.

For further information, address

W. C. MORSE, 111 W. Main, Louisville, Ky.

W. L. MILLER,
Owensboro, Ky.

CHAS. CATLETT, CLARENCE HARRIS,
CATLETT & HARRIS,
(Formerly with Forbes & Bro.)

PAINTERS and
PAPER HANGERS.

We have concluded to go into busi-

ness for ourselves and offer our ser-

vices to the public at the most rea-

sonable prices. Paper hanging a spec-

cialty. All work guaranteed.

Leave orders at Gus Young's.

Telephone 842 rings.

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CHAS. M. MEACHAM,

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...reading notices 30 cents per line.
Special Locals 3 cents line each insertion,
rates for standing advertisements furnished.

OFFICE 112 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

TUESDAY, JULY 21, 1896.

We are authorized to announce

HON. MALCOLM YEAMAN,
of Henderson county, as a candidate for
DEMOCRATIC TICKET
in the First District, subject to the action of
the Democratic convention at Madison
Saturday, July 25 at 3 p.m.

We are authorized to announce

HON. J. D. CLARDY,
as a candidate for re-election to Congress, sub-
ject to the action of the Democratic
conventions Aug. 5; District convention at Madison
Ville Aug. 10.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.



FOR PRESIDENT,
WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN,
OF NEBRASKA.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,
ARTHUR SEWALL,
OF MAINE.

DEMOCRATIC ELECTORAL TICKET.

State Jas. P. Tarrin, Kenton.
First—W. B. Smith, Madison.
Second—C. W. Brausen, Daviess.
Third—Ed. B. Drake, Kenton.
Fourth—G. C. Gandy, Henderson.
Fifth—Wallace McKay, Jefferson.
Sixth—Harvey Myers, Kenton.
Seventh—W. P. Embell, Fayette.
Eighth—L. H. Carter, Anderson.
Ninth—W. G. Ramsey, Bath.
Tenth—T. J. Wells, Morgan.
Eleventh—Henry Beauchamp, Met-
calf.

Ex Gov. Wm. E. Russell, of Massachusetts, was found dead in his tent at a fishing camp in Canada last Friday, where he had gone with a few friends for an outing. He died of heart disease in his sleep. He had been Governor of his State two or three times and though only 39 years of age was regarded as the ablest Democrat in Massachusetts. It was to him and Senator Hill that Bryan was replying when his great Convention speech was made at Chicago. Gov. Russell was instructed for by two or three of the gold states for President, but declined to let his name be presented after the gold men decided not to vote.

In the contest in Henderson county last year when the railroad influences were all arrayed against Frank Richardson and openly working against him, Judge Yeaman was an earnest supporter of Richardson and did all he could to help him carry Henderson county, which his friends lost by the fatal blunder of leaving too soon, after organizing the convention. Judge Yeaman in that instance took direct issue with the railroads. But the charge that Judge Yeaman has been shown to be untrue. He has occasionally represented the L. & N. in local cases but never as a salaried attorney.

The selection of Mr. J. D. Moquot as the successor of Mr. Chas. K. Wheeler, by the State Central Committee, was irregular and without authority. The party law requires that vacancies in the Executive Committee must be filled by the district committees. The district committee of the First district alone has the power of electing Mr. Wheeler's successor. It is likely that the proper committee will elect Mr. Moquot to the vacancy whenever it is called together, which may not be until after the September primary election.

Judge Bishop's manager in the Princeton convention in 1894 was on his feet after a deadlock of two or three days trying to move the convention to Paducah in Bishop's interest, to defeat Grace at all hazards when the chairman of the Henderson county delegation arose and demanded another ballot and voted his 11 votes for Grace, nominating him by a bare majority. And yet in this country some of those who should hold Judge Grace's memory dear, are running over the country begging votes for Bishop and opposing Yeaman.

Opposite district now has a Republican judge because of Judge Grace's position to the higher court in the midst of a term, and the same result would follow should Judge Bishop have to resign. The Democrats who vote for Judge Bishop does so with the certain knowledge that he will if he secures the nomination resign a \$3,000 office to the tender mercies of a Republican Governor. No Democrat has a right to indulge his greed for office at the expense of his party. Judge Bishop should serve out his term.

Three presidential tickets are in the field, viz: Bryan and Sewall, Democratic; McKinley and Hobart, Republican, and Levering and Johnson, Prohibition. The silver party and Populists at St. Louis this week will probably endorse the Democratic ticket. The Courier-Journal suggests that gold busters can find a bond money man to vote for in Joshua Levering, the Prohibitionist candidate, if the Democratic busters fail to put out a ticket.

The country press of Kentucky is true blue and can be counted on to stand up for the party organization. So far as we have seen, the only country papers that have bolted the Democratic ticket are the Russellville Herald, the Mayfield Monitor, the Shelby Sentinel and the Lexington Herald. All of these are published in counties that went overwhelmingly for silver and not one of them represents the sentiment of the community in which it is circulated.

The State Central Committee in session at Lexington made no changes in the Democratic Committee of Kentucky county, except to appoint Jno. G. Childress to the vacancy caused by the resignation of Judge T. J. Morrow in the Palmyra precinct. Mr. Isaac Garrott is now the acting chairman of the committee.

Congressman Clardy has given his entire time last week to a canvass of Daviess county. This week he will employ his time in canvassing Henderson county. If hustling early and late will win him the nomination then he may safely be put down as a winner—Gleaner.

The Populist Convention will meet at St. Louis to-morrow and a hard fight is expected over the proposition to endorse the Democratic ticket. One faction want to put out a separate ticket, while the other favors the concentration of all the silver forces on Bryan and Sewall.

Dr. Clardy and the Democratic ticket in the Second district this year, according to indications, will have about 6,000 majority. Daviess and Union counties will give more than half of this—Owensboro Messenger.

The Populist State convention met in Paducah yesterday. The great question was whether or not the Democratic ticket should be endorsed at St. Louis.

Spain is preparing to send 53,000 more soldiers to Cuba to put down the rebellion that Weyler insists amounts to nothing.

A vote for Bishop is against Dr. Clardy's interests. Keep that fact in mind.

Saturday, July 25, at 2 o'clock p.m. Go to your precinct and vote for Yeaman.

Saturday next at 2 o'clock is the time. Vote for Yeaman.

Hon. Thos. S. Pettit, of Owensboro, has declared for Bryan.

South Christian.

Pee Dee, Ky., July 15.—Having not heard from our friends Romeo and Hall in some time we will give you a few items from our little city.

The farmers are all about through threshing wheat.

Miss Fanny Redd is visiting relatives near Cadiz. "Cheer up D." she will soon return.

The Misses Nance and Miss Gertrude are visiting friends at Grassy Creek this week.

Mr. Joe Shelton fell from a hay wagon and broke one of his arms but he is improving.

Miss Minnie Farnsworth of Benetown, visited Miss May Dyer Saturday.

Miss Hattie Muselman, of Quincy Ill., is visiting Miss Annie Nance.

Mr. Sam Lander, who has been visiting Mr. Monte Dawson's family has returned home.

Miss Willie Blaize is visiting friends at Longview, Ky.

Mr. B. E. Nance is on the sick list. Mr. W. G. Blane is very sick at his home near here.

There are several cases of measles in the neighborhood.

Merit

It gives Hood's Sarsaparilla its great power and enables it to accomplish its wonderful and unequalled cures. The combination, proportion, and process used in preparing Hood's Sarsaparilla are unknown to other medicines, and make Hood's Sarsaparilla

Peculiar to Itself

It cures diseases of the skin, and especially its power as a blood purifier. It acts directly and positively upon the blood, and the blood reaches every nook and corner of the human system. Thus all the nerves, muscles, bones and tissues come under the beneficial influence of

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. 41 per bottle.

Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate, etc.

Judge Bishop's friends who have boasted that they will carry this country, Clardy or no Clardy, now have their canvassers at work instructing the Democrats of the county how to vote and incidentally preparing political coloring boards for themselves. If Dr. Clardy's friends are not utterly indifferent to his interests, they should go to the precinct convention Saturday in sufficient numbers to overwhelm these people at every voting place in the county.

GROWN JEWELS

Something About Those Brought Back from the Ashanti Expedition.

Some time ago Sir Francis Scott from the offices of the crown agents for the colonies such of the gold and jewels belonging to King Prempeh as the British were able to lay hands upon and to bring to England in payment of the war indemnity due from Ashanti in connection with the recent and former expedition to Coomassie.

Such rare and curious examples of barbaric skill and splendor often have a value of their own far in excess of that indicated by the weight of the precious metals of which they are composed. The whole collection, however, is far smaller than that brought home after the Ashanti war, some specimens of which are to be sold at the Imperial Institute and British Museum. The gold articles are composed of 100 designs in diamonds, and the residue of the ornaments went to the melting pot.

It was said the crown agent, a notable fact that, whereas the former jewels were all of solid, heavy gold, these brought home as the result of the more recent expedition were mostly hollow and consequently much less valuable although composed of the purest gold. The most striking feature of the collection is a crown, probably that worn by the monarch. The body of this crown is composed of a large solid gold and the inner lining is of solid yellow gold or plumb. On each side is a lapis lazuli inlaid to meet below the chin and fasten there. The ornaments upon this curious headress are of pure gold, and they comprise representations of human heads, jaws, bones and flons, the whole being surrounded by two great horns of gold. Much of the treasure consists of component parts of necklaces, bracelets, etc., but Sir Montagu called special attention to what is perhaps the most beautiful object in the collection, namely a golden bracelet.

It was a movement to be checked by neatly rounded phrases or melodic rostrum, oratory or school room discipline. It is not before him that a glib tongue, such as it overcame him, as a tidal wave obliterates an idle sentence scratched up on the sand. Five millions of living, breathing men in bitter deadly earnest; five million men inflamed in ecstasy—they do not make a buckram host to be extinguished by a sentence and a frown.

Washingon Post: It will not do to ignore such a gigantic demonstration.

It were folly to treat it as a mere sideshow and insignificant caprice. We have no objection to this movement which cannot be disposed of by a contemptuous gesture. The gold men who went to Chicago ten days ago made the mistake of assuming that they had to deal with a mere ephemeral craze and that the inevitable mistake of dealing with it on the hortio plan.

They found, too late, that it was no fad, no Luke warm academic theory, no lifeless syllogism. They found themselves confronted by a living, palpitating thriling movement, into which they dashed like secessionists, their convictions, their very souls.

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OVERTURNED HIGHWAYMAN.
Took Less Money from His Victim
Than Me intended.

The "hue and cry" was frequently raised in England, during the eighteenth century, over highwaymen who infested the public roads, and made even the environs of London unsafe for well-to-do travelers. These "knights of the road" were ceremoniously respectful to the persons they robbed, after their first greeting: "Your money or your life!" emphasized by a pistol, and occasionally they became champions of the distressed.

One highwayman, named Boulter, was hung in 1778, met a young woman weeping, as he was riding on horseback. Learning that her distress was caused by the presence of a creditor, and in a bailiff in a neighboring house to take her husband to prison for a debt of 30 guineas, the highwayman gave her his money to pay the debt. Then when the creditor came along the road he took back the 30 guineas and rode off, much pleased with his inexpensive charity.

On another occasion this same highwayman was "bluffed" by an impudent, rough nobleman, who was also deaf. Lord O., the nobleman, while traveling in his post-chaise, was roused from a nap by the stopping of the carriage. Seeing a man on horseback, pistol in hand, the nobleman angrily asked:

"What do you want?"

"Money, my lord," answered the man.

"What money? Are you the rascal who just awoke me so suddenly?"

"Be quick, my lord! I've no time to lose; hand over your purse."

"My purse! You shall not have it. You carry on a fine trade, don't you?"

Lord O. then quietly pulled out a full purse, and with his finger and thumb deliberately took out three guineas, which he handed to the highwayman, saying: "There's that's enough for a scoundrel like you. I hope I may live to see you hanged."

The robber was so surprised by the nobleman's rough manner and contemptuous indifference that he did not insist in his demand for the purse, though he had a pistol to enforce it.

DID NOT GET A SEAT.

Woman Tried Frowning and Hypnotism Without Effect.

An early downtown Lexington audience car recently had its seats occupied mostly by men, while a lone woman standing at the rear door bore a hopeful look, as though she expected one of them to offer her a place. After going two blocks without a seat being tendered her, she brought a stern frown to bear on a spectated man seated immediately in front of her, but he apparently had cathode glasses on his eyes, and looked through her, without being aware of her presence.

She moved one strap forward, and, as an agreeable expression was struggling with the worn strap, ascending from half-extinguished cigars in the hands of the man in front of her reached her nose, and she moved one more strap. This step brought her where a man sat reading the morning market reports. The smile had settled on her face, but was wasted, as the reader refused to raise his eyes from the paper. Then she moved two straps.

She had no sooner changed hands with the new strap and steamed herself before the new man, when the car gave a lurch and her free hand struck his shoulder. Her "Excuse me," accompanied with a bewitching smile, was no practical effect.

Here the jolt of the car caused her free hand to wave near the face of the new man, and, with the fixed look that seized her countenance, gave the appearance of an attempt to hypnotize him. He was not a sensitive. Even a very artificial cough that she gave had no effect on him. She stood there a minute, when her destination was reached, and left the car with an emphasis in her walk that signified much.

—N. Y. Herald.
His Ninth Divorce.

A special to the Cincinnati Tribune from Laporte, Ind., states that Alexander Rhimes, Indiana's much married bachelor, has returned to Fulton county to prosecute a suit for his ninth divorce, he being credited with having that number of wives.

He married his first wife in 1876, since which time divorces and marriages have been almost of annual occurrence.

His career is said to be without a parallel in the Indiana courts. All of his wives are living.

First Communion Cups.

The communion cups used at the First Church of Christ, New London, are of great antiquity, none less than 100 years old and some nearly 200 years old. They date as follows: Two from the English ship Adventure in 1699, two in 1724, two in 1725, one in 1728, two in 1742, ten in 1793, six in 1818.

Types of Beauty.

Colored Races Regard a White Skin
As Positively Ugly.

How would our European types of beauty be received in other lands? White Indians in Brazil say that in the heart of the tropical forest the negro's shining skin is considered aesthetically lovely, while the white skin of the European suggests only sickness and disease. It is clear that the question of what constitutes beauty would be answered differently by every race. To quote the apt saying of an old Greek philosopher: "Man is the measure of all things." Every race has its own Apollo and Aphrodite.

A traveler Hearn, who is thoroughly acquainted with the North American Indians, says that in the eyes of the Indians the idea of beauty most impresses "a broad face, small eyes, high cheek bones, low forehead, a large, broad chin, a knobby, hooked nose, a golden brown skin." In northern China only the native Mantchou types are admired: a broad face, high cheek bones, very broad nose and enormous ears. One of these cued Asiatics who had traveled to Ceylon upon seeing the prominent nose of the foreign ambassador wrote that he had the beak of a bird and the body of a man. Among the nations of Central China a woman to be considered must have a round head and face.

Among these colored races a white skin is regarded as ugly. White women receive little favor and attention from them. Chinese in the interior of the kingdom consider all Europeans ugly because of their white skin and prominent noses. The Siamese, with their small noses, widely separated nostrils, large mouths, rather thick lips, big faces and high, broad cheek bones, simply cannot conceive of European beauty. Their own women, they think, are so much better looking than Europeans! —Ludwig Jacobowits, in Chautauquan.

To Exchange Students.

A society to encourage the use of French universities by Scottish students and of Scotch universities by Frenchmen has been formed in Paris, by Scottish and French professors, among them Jules Simon, MM. Greard, Lavisse, Berthelot, Lord Reya and Principal Donaldson. One object of the society is to reestablish the original building the old Scotch college in Paris, founded by the bishop of Moray in the fourteenth century and endowed by Archbishop Beaton in the sixteenth, to be occupied by Scottish students and professors. The building is now used as a lyceum, the rent for it being paid to the Scotch Catholic bishops who support theological students at St. Sulpice with the money.

Pearls are found in all waters where oysters or mussels abound. They have been discovered in the shells of the common mussels in many rivers in the United States.

The most extensive pearl fisheries of Europe are to be found in the Persian gulf and in the Indian ocean, off the island of Ceylon. The product of the Red sea and Persian gulf does not cut any considerable figure in the world's supply, which comes mainly from Ceylon and the Indian coast, where pearl diving is a regular business with thousands of men.

High prices were paid for the pearls of the Brantano family recently at Frankfurt. Antonia Brantano's portrait book was sold for 6,000 marks, \$1,500, 12 letters of Beethoven brought 3,900 marks, and 21 letters of Goethe 5,786 marks. The Goethe correspondence, which has not been printed, will be edited by Dr. R. Jung and published before the close of the year.

Poor Blood

is starved blood. It shows itself in pale cheeks, white lips, weak digestion, no appetite, exhaustion, lack of nerve force, soft muscles, and chief of all, weak muscles. Your doctor calls it Anæmia. He will tell you that the weakening weather of summer often brings it on.

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod-liver Oil with Hypophosphites, will make poor blood rich. It is a food for over-taxed and weak digestion, so prepared that it can easily be taken in summer when Cod-liver Oil or even ordinary foods might repel.

SCOTT & BOWNE, New York
For sale at your drugstore.

Award Highest Honor—World's Fair.
DR.

PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder, Free
from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant,
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

IMPERIAL GOVERNMENT.

Argument of the Advocates of This System of Administration.

However costly, directly or indirectly, an imperial system of administration may be, its advocates find a redemptive feature in the advantages to be derived from a commercial connection with colonies and protectorates. If these dependencies cannot contribute directly to the maintenance of a navy, or to the current expenses of the home government, they may at least yield to the merchants and people the profits of a commerce and of a carrying trade. The chief support of the imperial view, says Harper's Weekly, has been arguments based upon trade.

The most striking instance of commercial enterprise has been the history of Great Britain. The imports of the United Kingdom, of merchandise and bullion, in 1876, were valued at \$2,175,000,000. The exports are valued at \$1,186,000,000. The total commercial movement of the United Kingdom in a normal year would be \$3,361,000,000, or nearly double the commercial movement of the United States in its foreign trade. If we exclude the precious metals, and confine our attention to merchandise, it is found that less than one-fourth of the imports are received from British possessions, including protectorates, and a little more than one-fourth of the exports are sent to these possessions. Taking the whole empire, object of the empire is to obtain \$364,000,000, the United Kingdom sends \$375,000,000 with her colonies, or about one-sixth. Assuming that the net profit on the transactions confined to the United Kingdom would be five per cent. on the value of the imports and exports, a return of about \$50,000,000 would represent the benefit immediately obtained from the trade of the colonies. To this must be added the freights on the carriage of goods, which would be equivalent to another ten per cent., making a total of \$100,000,000.

Great Britain has secured this commercial ascendancy by a policy which to other countries in the empire has always seemed most liberal. The United Kingdom represents today the greatest of free markets, and is the distributing center for all Europe in raw materials of industry. As a distributing center its influence has waned, for the tendency of modern commerce is more and more towards direct lines of trade, rather than through entrepot and distributing ports. The same policy would have been almost as efficacious had England been without a colonial system, provided what are now her colonies had not fallen into the possession of other European powers, all too ready to apply their system of differential duties or of monopoly trade. It has been suggested that England divide her political responsibilities, giving greater autonomy to India, and making her new African possessions a part of a great Indian empire. Such a scheme has many political points in its favor, and commercially it would not affect the dominance of English interests in the trade of the world, for England would still remain the great commission merchant of the civilized world. To this her merchant marine, her banking facilities, and her almost universal business connections have largely contributed, and will continue to contribute.

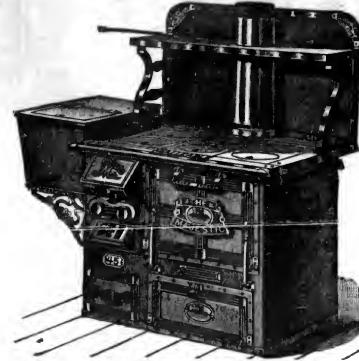
A New Find.

At Austerfield, near Bawtry, in Yorkshire, one of the two villages from which the Pilgrim Fathers came, a row of Norman arches has been discovered in perfect preservation, but built upon the wall of the village church. The church is very small, the chancel being 12 feet wide and the rest of the church 18 feet. It has a splendid Norman doorway and an ancient font, which recently was used as a drinking trough for cattle.

The dukedom, the most elevated dignity in the British peerage, was first introduced by Edward III., who created his eldest son, the Black Prince, duke of Cornwall. This title has always been borne by the oldest son of the sovereign.

What's This? ? ...

Its
Something
You
Ought
To
Have....



In fact it is something you cannot well afford to be without. It is the

Best Range...

ever manufactured. We speak advisedly. We are borne out in this statement by the testimony of hundreds of people in this county, who are using the MAJESTIC.

The saving in full will pay an 8 per cent. dividend on a \$300 investment. All its heat is applied to cooking and not wasted in making the kitchen too hot to stay in. The oven cannot crack and is

Absolutely Air Tight

Hence you will have no smoked food. It cooks uniformly and quickly. Dyspepsia arises from eating badly cooked food. This RANGE keeps an abundant supply of hot water always on hand. We repeat, you cannot afford to be without one.

FORBES & BRO.

10th and Main Sts.

O Y Time Table.

TRAIN GOING SOUTH.	
No. 2 Daily.	No. 3 Daily.
Lv. Evansville	6:15 a.m.
M. S. Louisville	6:30 a.m.
C. & G. St. Louis	7:30 a.m.
Morganfield	7:30 a.m.
Paducah	7:30 a.m.
M. & M. Marion	7:30 a.m.
H. & C. Henderson	7:30 a.m.
A. & T. Hopkinsville	11:30 p.m.
NOCTURNAL.	9:30 p.m.
No. 2 Daily.	No. 4 Daily.
Lv. Hopkinsville	Mail Express
Princeton	6:37 a.m.
Frankfort	6:40 a.m.
Dekoven	6:47 a.m.
Elizabethtown	6:50 a.m.
Corbin	6:51 a.m.
Burkeville	6:52 a.m.
A. & T. Hopkinsville	7:07 p.m.
Local freight will carry passengers between Hopkinsville and Uniontown Branch.	
UNIONTOWN BRANCH.	
Lv. Uniontown	7:25 a.m.
M. & Morganfield	7:30 a.m.
Lv. Morgantown	7:30 a.m.
A. & T. Princeton	7:30 a.m.
M. & M. Louisville	7:30 a.m.
OHIO VALLEY RAILWAY.	
In connection with C. O. & S. W. and Illinois Central to Louisville, Cincinnati, Memphis, New Orleans, St. Louis, and St. Paul.	
Lv. Louisville	8:30 a.m.
Lv. Paducah	8:40 a.m.
Lv. Morganfield	9:10 a.m.
A. & T. New Orleans	7:45 a.m.
Lv. Louisville	7:45 a.m.
A. & T. St. Louis	7:45 a.m.
Closes connection made at Princeton through solid vessels for carrying Franklin leather sleepers and free estate reclining cars.	

WIT FROM THE BENCH.

Dry Humor of the Police Magistrates of New York.

Magistrate Wentworth, genial man, is more given to dry humor than his associates.

"John," he said to a boy whose examination he was postponing the other day, "do you suppose you can ride home Monday?" And John thought he could.

When all of the prisoners had been disposed of a young woman, who said she represented a rescue mission, and whose earnestness outweighed her sense of humor, entered the court room and asked the magistrate to suspend sentence in the cases of three girls whom he had committed to the workhouse.

"Give them to me, sir," she begged. "Two of them have never been to the island and it will do them no good. There's a chance to save them."

"Well," he said, "I suppose you'll want to take them to the workhouse, but perhaps it's worth a trial."

"Oh yes," she said, eagerly; "yes indeed."

"I think," he said, with a twinkle, "that girls are worth saving."

She seemed to wonder at him, but she forgot the remark a minute later, and left court with one of the girls, saying in her ear: "You'll have to stay with us six months, mind."

Magistrate Mott is seldom jovial. Magistrate Simms is a jester, but when he gravely listens to the evidence against a small boy, charged, say, with building a bonfire in the street.

"Awful," he will say; "do you hear what the policeman says, John? Awful? How could you? I suppose we'll have to send you to prison. We'll do it again, and you'll try to keep other boys from doing it? Yes? Well, sir, I think if you take the boy home and give him a good spanking it will answer the purpose."

Sometimes he doesn't mean even that, but the boy has usually food for long and uncomfortable reflection upon his criminal career.—N. Y. Ledger.

THE BEIDES' MOTHER.

Why Should She Sit Apart as a Mere Onlooker?

I have never gone to a wedding, particularly a church wedding, without coming away with a feeling of resentment smoldering within me against the unimportant part to which the mother of the bride is relegated through mistaken custom.

It is the mother who should put the hand of her child, with earnest prayers for her happiness, into the hand of the man who is to make or mar her life. It is the mother's love that determines the beautiful care that makes most of what is given in her child. Why should it be required that, at the great moment of that child's life, the mother must sit apart?

The mother of the bride is ushered up the aisle, often by a comparative stranger, and, being seated in isolated splendor, watches with strained heartstrings her little girl taking the step that separates her old life from the new.

With this ache at her heart, but with an unruffled mien, she still must sit there, as her loved one, many times without a look at the mother, passes down, on and out, beyond her reach, often forever.

This always seems to me desperately sad, and strikes a note that jangles horribly out of tune with the wedding chimes.

I noticed that at the marriage of Queen Victoria's granddaughter, Princess Alexandra, to the hereditary prince of Hohenlohe-Langenburg, the duchess of York, as well as the father of the princess, the duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, led the bride to the altar.

So, presently, I hope, the fashion will prevail for girls to always have the nearest and dearest of their own sex by their side as they walk up the aisle and stand before the altar. —Illustrated American.

Texture of Wool Canvas.

Wool canvas varies in texture, as it is woven sometimes evenly of fine, soft threads, and again it is coarse and stiff. Black canvas gowns are made over white and bright shades of red and green silk, while all the shades of blue are woven over the same bright colors. The coarse and open varieties resemble the ones on which patterns in wool were wrought some time ago, and this quality is now used for wide belts, embroidered in dull-colored silk and imitation jewel beads.

Regulating Time.

There are two ways of losing time; one is by taking no heed to it, and the other is by thinking too much about it. Some persons waste their time by spending a large portion of it in lamenting its loss, and wondering how they had best use it. Others waste it in a prodigous activity without conscious purpose or direction. "Do what is to be done, and when it is to be done, and time will take care of itself."—G. S. Times.

McCALLISTER & YATES,
First National Barber Shop
Hopkinsville, Ky.
Rear of First National Bank, 9th street.

BOYD & POOL,
Barbers
1st Street, Hopkinsville, Ky.
Especially situated for men, clean, light, sanitary service. Call and be well served.

Dr. McElliott in Nashville.

Regular Graduate and Registered Physician. Formerly Assistant Surgeon U. S. Navy. Afterwards Post Surgeon U. S. Army, and later Surgeon in the U. S. Marine Corps. After two years' experience as Physician at Hot Springs, Ark., followed by the "Kings" of America, British and American, and the most important work in the world, he became a member of the Royal Society of Medicine, a member of the Royal Society of Physicians, and a member of the Royal Society of Surgeons. Lived in Manhood and general health, and has made many cures up by other physicians. Venereal.

Africa last year consumed 2,067,807 pounds of American tobacco at a cost of \$12,150.

A sound Liver Makes a Well Man.

Are you bilious, constipated or troubled with jaundice, sick headache, bad taste in mouth, foul breath, toothache, dyspepsia, indigestion, hot dry skin, etc. etc. between the shoulders, chest and fever, etc. If you have any of these symptoms, your liver is out of order, and your blood is slowly being poisoned, because your blood does not circulate. Herbine will cure all these disorders. Price 75 cents. Free trial bottle. R. C. Hardwick's drug store.

Oil or hair, for plastering and other purposes, this country last year exported \$505,928.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she craved for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

THE POPE'S DAILY LIFE.

Pope Leo XIII. Felt in His Time from Bedtime to Bedtime.

This is how the pope spends a day of his busy life. When the great bell of St. Peter's strikes seven, Centra, his valet, noiselessly glides into the bedroom, a large square room simply furnished, and, opening the windows, wishes his holiness good evening.

Having finished his toilet with Centra aid, his holiness kneels on a velvet cushion and recites the prayers ante missam. He then passes into the next room, which he has transformed into an oratory, and there celebrates mass with a grave, majestic voice and gestures full of patriarchal dignity. Occasionally some privileged persons are admitted to this matutinal celebration, which lasts about three-quarters of an hour. After bearing another mass, celebrated by one of his domestic prelates, the pope retires to his study, where the faithful Centra is seated with a cup of consommé and some choice pastries. After this light collation his holiness goes into the library, where he receives some favored pilgrims.

Sitting down before a large table, the singular, thin countenance lighted by a strange, indefinable smile, which only half conceals the grave austerity and thoughtful expression of the intellectual face, he talks familiarly, with a majestic and fatherly benevolence, to the visitors. But if the latter have incurred his displeasure, the inflexible severity with which he receives the offenders is very impressive. He speaks German, English and Spanish fluently, and the pilgrims of different nationalities add to his interest. Dr. Piero's Golden Medical Discovery is good for the complexion because it makes the whole body healthy, because it makes the body strong, the blood, makes the digestion strong and clears out impurities of all kinds. By increasing the ability to assimilate nutritious food, and by the infusion of its own ingredients it enriches the blood and so makes one healthy. It is good for the lungs, liver, stomach, bowels, skin and scalp, spring from the same cause—a disordered digestion and consequent impure blood.

Brazil last year demanded and received sixty-nine thousand bushels, of our wheat paying \$49.

Mrs Rhodie Noah, of this place, was taken in the night with cramping pains and the next day diarrhoea, set in with a violent pain in the umbilical region, followed by a bilious colic, but got no relief. She then sent to me to see if I had anything that would help her. I sent her a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and the first dose relieved her. Another dose relieved her. She did not sit for about a week and had tried all sort remedies for diarrhoea but kept getting worse. I sent him this same remedy. Only four doses of it were required to cure him. He says he owes his recovery to this wonderful remedy.—Mrs. Mary Sibley, Sidney, Mich.—For sale by R. C. Hardwick, druggist.

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Skin Disease Relieved.

Custer, Ky., July 1, 1896.—I have taken several bottles of Hosen's Sarapilla and can recommend it for skin disease which breaks out every spring for several years and all medicine fails to help me until I tried Hosen's Sarapilla, which has done me more good than anything else. Mrs. Lena Meyer.

The St. Petersburg Novosti announces that Russia has obtained absolute freedom of trade in Northern China.

GIVE YOU WHAT YOU ASK FOR.

Is the kind of a druggist for people to place confidence in. The one who induces you to buy something else has not your best interests at heart. The one you want to let alone. Nine times out of ten he makes more money on the medicine he says is "just as good."

O. N. Grant, a prominent druggist of Grant, Boone county, Ky., writes: "I am the best seller I have in stock. I sell a dozen bottles of Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar Honey to one of any other kind of medicine."

B. F. Jackson, Oliver, Ga., writes: "I consider Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar Honey the best remedy I have ever taken for the throat and lungs, or any kind of cough."

"I am 87 years old and have used all of the cold and lung remedies that have been sold during my life; and, for the benefit of your information, I say I have never used any remedy equal to Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar Honey. It gives quick and permanent relief in gripe, as well as other coughs. We keep it in our house all the time and the result after writing him to his apartment with his domestic prelates sits down again before his writing table, and works obstinately till 12.—London Daily News.

Schools on Wheels.

The latest educational agitation is to institute schools on wheels. It is proposed to fit out railroad trains furnished with dining and sleeping cars so that pupils can combine travel and study, halting at various sidings for the study of mineralogy, botany, geology and so on. Of course only pupils having money could patronize this scheme to see the whole country and study its resources at the same time."

The British Royal Standard.

An effort is being made to give Wales a place the royal standard. At present England has the first and fourth quarters, and Scotland and Ireland the second and third. The proposal is to give Wales half of England's space.

THE BRITISH ROYAL STANDARD.

Nov. 20, 1896.

King of olden days who could not hope to succeed unless they were in vane, heavy health. A man cannot face difficulties if he does not have a good one. Dr. Edward digests with a stomach a sluggish coward out of any man. It makes his mind stagnant, and he cannot think quickly enough to account for anything. His movements are slow, and all of the snap out of him. Every man in business in America has a fight on his hands just as much as any other, but he fights it with a master of like strength, just the same with him as it was with the crusader. Indigestion and all the ills that go with it are a great sore trial to any man. The best kind of diet is a simple one. There is nothing like a diet of fresh fruits, vegetables, and meat. These are medicines on the market that will help as long as you take them. There is only one remedy that is a real panacea for all diseases. That is Dr. Piero's Pleasant Pellets. The "Pellets" are made of dried granulated milk and extract of herbs in their action. They effect a permanent cure. You don't believe in their use, as with other pills.

If you will send me a stamped envelope I will send you my book extract. Once it gets a firm hold on him, it is most difficult to remove it. Temperamentally he can be observed in all his actions. There are medicines on the market that will help as long as you take them. There is only one remedy that is a real panacea for all diseases. That is Dr. Piero's Pleasant Pellets. The "Pellets" are made of dried granulated milk and extract of herbs in their action. They effect a permanent cure. You don't believe in their use, as with other pills.

Write your trouble if living away from home, and I will send you my book extract.

Dr. Piero's Common Medicinal Extract.

Illustrated, the great expense of preparing which is saved by the use of extracts.

One-half oz. per day, or as directed by your physician.

Price \$1.00 per bottle.

Address: World's Dispensing Chemist, No. 10 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Matthew.

Henry Kollock.

Regular Graduate and Registered Physician. Formerly Assistant Surgeon U. S. Navy. Afterwards Post Surgeon U. S. Army, and later Surgeon in the U. S. Marine Corps. After two years' experience as Physician at Hot Springs, Ark., followed by the "Kings" of America, British and American, and the most important work in the world, he became a member of the Royal Society of Medicine, a member of the Royal Society of Physicians, and a member of the Royal Society of Surgeons. Lived in Manhood and general health, and has made many cures up by other physicians. Venereal.

Dr. Matthew Henry Kollock Treats Every Disease. Chronic and Long Standing Diseases. Caffari, treated by latest homopathic methods.

Blood and Skin Disease.

Weak Back, frequent and burning urine, dia-

phrosis, etc.

Ladies' Complaints for all private ailments.

Private Diseases. Syphilis, Gleet,

Gastritis, Varicose Veins, Tendinitis, etc.

Constituted with a cordial from basswood.

Nervous Debility, Convulsions, Impo-

tence, Paralysis, Loss of Energy,

Vice, which brings Organistic Weakness, inactivity, debility, languor, etc.

Excessive Smoking, Drunkenness, etc.

Obesity, Idiocy, Insanity, etc.

Weakness, debility, etc.

Kidney and Urinary.

Weak Back, frequent and burning urine, dia-

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Sick Headache Permanently Cured

"I was troubled, a long time, with sick headache. It was usually accompanied with severe pains in the temples and sickness at the stomach. I tried a good many remedies recommended for this complaint; but it was not until I began taking

AYER'S

Pills I received anything like permanent benefit. A single box of these pills did the work for me, and I am now a well man."

C. H. HUTCHINSON, East Auburn, Me.

For the rapid cure of Constipation, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Nausea, and all disorders of Stomach, Liver, and Bowels, take

AYER'S
Cathartic Pills

Medal and Diploma at World's Fair.

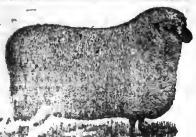
Ask your druggist for Ayer's Sarapilla.

Your Son Will Learn
To ACQUIRE KNOWLEDGE,
TO VALUE CHARACTER,
TO LOVE TRUTH.

Gordon School,
Pewee Valley, Ky.

Careful personal instruction; high moral standards. Distant students receive Christian home training. Beautiful and healthful surroundings. Located near Louisville, Ky.; handsome grounds commanding a view of the Ohio River. If desired, steam and gas throughout building; hot and cold baths, and every modern convenience. No smoking, no alcohol. No sherry, no shovels. Pupils lead at College and University.

A. N. GORDON, A. M., Pres.



REXALE HERD of Rearing Lambs and Sheep. Sheep raised here have fine heads and plenty of hair. Oxen, White and Black, or any color, or any breed.

M. B. KIRK
Newbern, Ky.

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Fast trains from East, North and West to Florida via the great Plant System. Write B. W. Wrenn, P. T. M. Sarasota, Fla., for folders and general literature.

Homeseekers! write B. W. Wrenn, P. T. M. Plant System, Sarasota, Fla., for copy of the "Plant System's Compendium of Reliable Facts." It will be of interest and value to you.

It is exercise alone that supports the spirits and keeps the mind in vigor.

A Handsome Book for a Two Cent Stamp. New Publication by D. & C. Line.

To those who contemplate taking a summer outing, we will mail for 25 cents our illustrated pamphlet, which contains a large number of fine engravings of every manner of scene in Toledo, Detroit and Picturesque Mackinac. It has many artistic half-tones of points of interest of the Upper Lake region. Information regarding both short and extended tours, costs of transportation and hotel fare, etc.

Address A. A. SCHANZ, G. P. A., Detroit, Mich.

To a very considerable extent people make for themselves the conditions of life.

DAUGHTERS
building into household. Development of the mind, focused on the education of the body, health and strength, the delicate organs which are the seat of disease.

WINTERSMITH'S
womanhood. During 35 years WinterSmith's Buchu has never failed in curing all diseases of the female system. All drugs and medicines. Arthur Peter & Co., Louisville, Ky., Genl. Agents.

BUCHU.

BILLIONS OF CIGARETTES
An Average of 200 for Every Made Inhabitant.

About the only "fabulous figures" (or figures thought to be fabulous by many) of American product or manufacture used to be those of the corn crop of the United States, exceeding 1,000,000,000 bushels a year and touching in 1893 the enormous total of 2,000,000,000. But these mammoth figures of the production of corn in the United States are topped by the figures of the cigarette manufacturers—the total number of cigarettes made in this country last year being 3,620,000,000.

The total number of male persons in the United States between the ages of 18 and 44 was returned by the last census as 13,130,000, but adding those above 44 years of age and making allowance for the increase in population since 1890, it is safe to say that there are 18,000,000 men and boys in the United States, and this would give an average of 200 cigarettes for each man and boy in the republic every year, provided, of course, that cigarette smoking was general instead of being as it is, restricted to a very small fraction of the whole population, mostly in the cities and large towns.

The number of cigars manufactured in the United States last year, including, of course, those said to be "imported," was 100,000,000, and the head of the department of manufacture of these was Pennsylvania.

New York coming second, Ohio third, Illinois fourth and Florida (Key West) fifth. It is encouraging for New Yorkers to know that, although Pennsylvania made more cigars than this state, New York used more tobacco in her.

Kentucky raises an enormous amount of tobacco, but it does not use very much of it for manufacturing purposes, Kentucky tobacco is sent to other states.

The estimate to buy a crop in 1893 was 150,000,000 pounds, of which less than 90,000 pounds were manufactured in the state.

Connecticut, too, raises much tobacco and manufactures little.

Eighteen pounds of tobacco are re-

quired for 1,000 cigars and three and a half pounds for 1,000 cigarettes.

The consumption is an average of 200 cigarettes apiece a year for the whole male population of the country above the age of 13 years.—Memphis Commercial Appeal.

DREW THE COLOR LINE.

Mexican Preacher: *Just to Being Called an Indian.*

A police court attorney was defending a particularly black and ugly Mexican who was before the court on a charge of vagrancy. The testimony of half a dozen police officers showed that the prisoner had never been in prison, but had paraded around day and night begging and stealing for a living. The attorney saw there was no possible manner of controverting such weighty testimony, so he admitted it all to be true, and then taking the stand testified that his client was a California Indian, who under the law cannot be a vagrant. The defendant was called on to corroborate the statement, but could not understand a word of English and was embarrassed. His appearance bore out the statement of his attorney and he was acquitted.

The next day the same man was before the same court on a charge of battery, and to the surprise of all he pleaded guilty. Through an inter-

preter he explained that he would rather go to jail than be called an Indian, and as soon as he had heard how he had escaped the vagrancy charge he had whipped his attorney.—San Francisco Post.

An Unfulfilled Pledge.

When in 1802 Georgia relinquished her claim to Mississippi territory, the general government agreed to purchase and surrender to the state all the creek lands lying within her own borders, "as soon as it could be conveniently done."

This pledge on the part of the United States had never been fulfilled, and Georgia complained of bad faith.

The difficulty became alarming in 1826, and a treaty was finally concluded between the Creek chiefs and the president by which a cession was obtained and the Creek removed to the Indian territory.

Occupied Her Husband's Pulpit.

Her husband being absent in another city on a recent Sunday, Mrs. F. M. Bennett, wife of the pastor of the Unitarian church at Carthage, Mo., modestly but capably took his pulpit, this morning, and preached an excellent sermon that she received the congratulations of almost the entire audience. It was her first effort in that line.

On the Six Big Countries.

Japan's population at the close of 1893 was 42,000,000, to which must be added the 3,000,000 in Formosa. That puts her sixth in the list of countries according to population.

China, India, Russia, the United States and Germany surpassing her.

BATTLE OF LEADERSBORO.

Resembled the Fight of the Patriots at Concord.

In many ways the assembly of the Boers of the Transvaal to resist the incursion of Johnson resembled closely the uprising of the people of New England against the British in 1775, and indeed the Leaderboers were commanded to Concord fight.

The South African farmers are certainly a slow-moving people, but when their country was threatened they assembled almost as if at the drop of a handkerchief, in spite of the enormous distances which separate one settlement from another.

They were true "minute-men."

On the next morning after the news came of the British victory a column of several hundred Boers, under command of an officer named Frischell, rode into Pretoria, all mounted on nervous little Boer horses. They had been riding hard for ten hours without leaving their saddles, but men and horses were full of life and good spirits. Some of the men were in their shirt sleeves; one of them said to the correspondent in Dutch:

"I had just time enough to say the Lord's Prayer with my family and grab my vest and rifle—there wasn't time to get into uniform."

It is genuinely characteristic of the piecemeal Boers that they would take time to pray with their families in such an emergency, and not stop for their coats.

In the ranks of this detachment were sturdy and active men of 60, accompanied by their sons and grandsons. One of these "old fellows" was Hans Rotha, who received nine bullet wounds in the battle in '81 in which the Boers defeated the British army.

Gen. Joseph, the leader of the Boers on that occasion, and whom now took command of the forces pouring into Pretoria, saluted him. "Hans warmly,"

"What?" he said. "Are you on hand for another fight? Rotha?"

"Yes, general," answered the vet eran. "I think I've got room enough somewhere between my scars for another bullet!"

After scarcely more than a moment of repose, the command galloped off for Krugersdorp, where some 300 Boers were now concentrated. There they met Johnson's 700, and the very first shot had just passed and wounded them all.

There was some splendid shooting on both sides. The first Boer to be wounded was not other than old Hans Rotha, the man of nine bullets!

He took his new misfortune very coolly, and said: "Well, any way, I've got a round number now!"—YOUTH'S Companion.

JOE'S SALVAGE.

One who knows Joe Ousley, one of the seated colored delegates to the national republican convention from Mississippi, will ever suspect him of kicking about: accommodations.

No one who knows Joe Ousley, one of the seated colored delegates to the national republican convention from Mississippi, will ever suspect him of kicking about: accommodations.

Joe is one of the most amiable negroes in the south. He is as big as he is good-natured. He is a member of the colored legislative district in Bolivar county, Miss., where he operates a cotton plantation. He has been overwhelmed by a break in the levee so often that he knows no such word as inconven-

ience.

At one time after a break in the lake Bolivar levee, the steamboat Kate Adams of Memphis carried a cabin full of sympathizing Tennesseans down to see if they could help the sufferers. Just off Mud Island, Joe Ousley was sighted with a dugout and another negro and a gripease.

"Hello, Joe," cried Capt. Mark C. Lee. "Are you under water again?"

"Yes, captain," was the reply. "But I've got my stock and hands high and dry. Guess I'll go to Memphis with you and see about supplies for them."

That's what you've got in tow, Joe!"

"Oh, that's Simpson's piano. I guess it jammed up against my brick chimney. Guess I'll turn it loose. Won't be much time in it now."

Joe Ousley was for some years circuit clerk of the county. He had

sense enough to stick to his farm and to be satisfied with a percentage of the fees, paying the balance to a competent white deputy.—St. Louis Republic.

Previously Patented Abroad.

A patent granted in the United States for an invention which had been previously patented in a foreign country will be so limited in time as to expire with that foreign patent.

Thus, if a patent is granted in the United States, the right in the United States will expire with that foreign patent.

In no case, however, will a United States patent be continued in force for a greater period than 17 years.

TABLER'S PILE BUCK EYE OINTMENT

CURES NOTHING BUT PILSES.

A SURE AND CERTAIN CURE known for 15 years as the BEST REMEDY FOR PILSES.

BOLDLY PREPARED BY J. C. KENDRICK, NEW YORK.

SELL BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

PRINTED BY RICHARDSON CO. ST. LOUIS.

SOFTENED BY RICHARDSON CO.

MADE IN THE U.S.A.

PRICE 10¢.

THE RATIO OF ALUMINUM GRANULES TO OIL IS ONE TO ONE.

THE PROPORTION OF EQUALITY BETWEEN THE TWO METALS SINCE THEIR FIRST USE AS A MEDICINE.

THE SOFTENING OF THE OIL IS THE REASON FOR THE EXCELLENCE OF THE OINTMENT.

IT IS THE SOFTENING OF THE OIL WHICH MAKES IT SO POWERFUL.

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SEVEN LIVELY DAYS

At BASSETT & CO'S.

Saturday Morning, July 18,

We Begin

A RED HOT SALE

To Continue Until Saturday, July 25.

REMARKABLE OFFERINGS in Every Department.

SEE CIRCULARS FOR PARTICULARS.

HERE AND THERE

PERSONAL Gossip.

Buckner & Owsley for Insurance. Mr. W. T. Williamson is confined to his bed with an attack of flux.

Dr. E. N. Fruitt, Dentist, office over City Bank, Hopkinsville, Ky.

The finest and largest line of toilet soaps at Wall's and at lowest prices.

Seven-year old pure apple vinegar at Wall's grocery.

Messrs. Buckner Leavell and J. B. Rogers are building residences on South Virginia Street.

Quarterly Court is still in session and will likely continue throughout the week.

Eng. M. A. Fritz, of Fairview, was kicked on the thigh by a mare one day last week, but not seriously hurt.

Wanted—A good farm to work on shares for '97. Address Box 66, Kentucky, Ky.

Now is the time to use shredded wheat if your digestion is bad. Wall's grocery is the place to get it.

FOR RENT—A cottage on west side of Clay, between 12th and 18th Sts. Apply to J. S. Moore.

Saddle and harness horses for sale. Safe for indy.

WALTER O'NEAL, Longview. Home grown melons have made their appearance in the market. They are about three weeks earlier than usual.

A large number of people took advantage of the low rate to Evansville over the O. V. Sunday and spent the day in that city.

I am now located at the Fair grounds where I am prepared to train stock for harness or saddle. Terms reasonable.

T. B. Cox.

The First National Bank of this city has sold to Messrs. B. J. and H. T. Humphrey, the Fairview Roller Mills for the sum of \$3,000, one half of which was paid cash.

You can find everything in the grocery line at Wall's as low in price as you can get it. Our prices are equal to the monthly paying customer same as the cash customer.

Gracey was defeated by the Hopkinsville "second nine" at the former place Friday, the score being 9-11. Batteries: Meacham and McGeehee for Gracey and McDaniel and Morris for Hopkinsville.

Why suffer with Congre, Cold and LaGrippe when Laxative Brome Quinine will cure you in one day. Doctor Bryan is running in the best like Sulphate of Soda and up in tablets convenient for taking. Guaranteed to cure, or money refunded. Price 25 Cents. For sale by J. O. Cook, Hopkinsville, Ky.

Wm. Schneider, of Nashville and Miss Amelia Wilson of Hopkinsville, obtained license to marry at the county clerk's office yesterday and at once repaired to the officiant, Eng. J. M. Johnson, where the nuptials knot was tied. The ceremony was performed in Eng. Johnson's usual unseemly manner. The couple left on the L & N. train for their home.—Hender- son Gleamer.

Mr. J. C. Terry, who has been in the dry goods business for many years in Adairville, is closing out his entire stock to put it in another location in Hopkinsville. Mr. Terry, a fine-some business man and without a Christian gentleman. He and his family will be quite an acquisition to the business and social circles of Hopkinsville.—Fairview Review.

The late Dr. J. P. Thomas' double strength digester, known as Virtana, for the cure of dyspepsia, is for sale at Burdwick's and Elkins'.

The annual estimate of the Deleware peach crop for 1896 has been made. It was at 6,000,000 baskets, the largest since 1875. The prospect for good prices for the crop is not very encouraging, and many growers in the lower parts of the peninsula, where the fruit is the best, are offering their pretards at 20 cents a basket.

Andrew Osborne accidentally shot and killed himself while hunting near Booneville.

The headless body of a man was found floating in the river at Fountain Ferry Park. In a pocket was a card which could be distinguished as "Charles Port."

Every circumstance in life, either favorable or the reverse, is capable of being turned to good account.

Ladies' Tan Oxfords	39c
Ladies' Tan Oxfords	49c
Ladies' Tan Oxfords	59c
Ladies' Opera Slippers	39c
Ladies' Opera Slippers	45c
Ladies' Patent Vamp Sandals	53c
Ladies' Oxford Ties, blk	35c
Men's Base Ball Shoes	50c
Men's Rubber Tennis Shoes	35c



Special Prices...

Some way below cost on all summer goods. Why because we bought too many.

"That's Honest."

"The Racket"

The Big Department Store

J. H. KUGLER, Prop.

SPECIAL...

Good matting 1c
Good matting 1c
Good matting 12c
Come once if you want cheap

Matting

TOBACCO NEWS.

HOPKINSVILLE MARKET.

Hopkinsville, July 16.—The offerings this week were unchanged in point of quality, being similar to those of the past. Our market was higher on lugs and the better grades, fully \$ to 1c. The warehousemen report the cleanest sale for the year, as the planters have made up their minds to accept the prices, hence the results were very encouraging. One word of warning: Don't buy dried tobacco this week on common leaf and common lugs. Weather conditions have been very unfavorable for the growing crop, as there have been excessive rains nearly all the week, and in certain localities the water-ports did a good deal of damage by flooding the fields.

Mr. Ernest L. Lander, of Mesquite, Tex., is visiting relatives in this city. Mr. B. N. Armstrong, of Crossville, Tenn., is visiting relatives near Fairview.

Mrs. J. C. Terry and children, of Adairville, are visiting relatives in South Christian.

Mr. J. S. Linebaugh and family, of Guthrie, are the guests of relatives in South Christian.

Master Claude Brasher has returned from a visit to relatives in Madisonville.

Miss Georgia Flack, of Hopkinsville, is the pleasant guest of Mrs. Cynthia Sullivan.—Elkton Progress.

Mrs. J. M. Green has returned from a two weeks' stay at Dawson and Cerritos.

Misses Lillian Beach and Hattie Jenkins have returned to their homes in Carterville.

Mr. R. S. Wootton of Denison Tex., is visiting his father, Dr. F. P. C. Wootton, at Lafayette.

Mr. D. T. Tandy, Jr., of Idaho, who had been here for some weeks on a visit to his relatives, left last week for his home in the far West.

Miss Lillie B. Price returned to Atlanta, Ga., Saturday, after a visit of several weeks to her father, Mr. E. H. Price.

Mr. Max Raubold has returned from Louisville and can be found at his old stand near the L. & N. depot. Our market was a little firm all grades.

SALES BY ABERNATHY & CO., week ending July 14, of 182 bbls.

19 bbls good leaf, \$16.00, 10.50 to 12.50.

67 bbls common leaf, \$6.25 to 4.00.

27 bbls low leaf, \$4.00 to 2.25.

69 bbls lugs, \$3.50 to 1.00.

Our market was a little firm all grades.

A. & Co.

LOUGHNELL MARKET.

Major House sold 54 bbls 11 bbls Anderson co leaf and lugs \$3. 6.20, 6.00, 5.90, 5.70, 5.40 to 3.20.

17 Jessamine lugs and trash \$5.10.

9.40, 2.20 to 1.20, 4 Trimble trash \$4.00, 2.20, 1.60, 5 Carrigull \$4.90.

4.60, 4.10 to 3.20, 6 McLean dark leaf \$8.00, 6.00, 5.00 to 3.00.

4.00, 4.20 to 3.20, 4 Baldard dark leaf \$4.50, 4.20, 4.10, 4.20, 4.50 Baldard dark lug and trash \$3. 2.60, 2.10.

1.80 to 1.00.

A Democratic Newspaper.

The Louisville Democrat, a morning daily, which will give hearty support to the nominees of the State convention, will be started on Aug. 16th. It will be a true-blue Democratic newspaper and will give the Democrats of the State an honest, able party journal.

It will have the advantage of its connection in having the admiral United Press, which is of great quantity and quality which is used by the New York Sun and other metropolitan papers.

Daniel E. Sullivan of The Critic, will be its Editor-in-chief. Further details of the enterprise will be given within the next four weeks.—Critic.

Steve's Support to the Ticket.

Bowling Green, Ky., July 14.—Vice President Stevenson and wife arrived in the city this morning from Bloomington, Ill., and are the guests of their daughter, Mrs. Hardin.

The vice-president said tonight: "I will support the nominees of the Chicago convention, but as to the outcome I am not well enough posted at present to give an opinion."

A Chad Enjoys

The pleasant flavor, gentle action and soothing effect of Syrup of Fig, when in need of a laxative, and if the father or mother be constive or bilious, the most gratifying results.

It is the best medicine for bilious persons, and every family should have a bottle.

The headless body of a man was found floating in the river at Fountain Ferry Park. In a pocket was a card which could be distinguished as "Charles Port."

DEATHS.

JENKINS.—Mr. Wm. Jenkins, a well known farmer of the Roaring Spring neighborhood, died at his home of consumption Saturday night, aged 65 years.

CALDWELL.—Mrs. C. M. Caldwell died at her home in this city yesterday morning of enlargement of the liver, aged about 75 years. The funeral service will be conducted by Rev. Mr. Young. Not until this morning, however, did the friends learn of her death, and the interment will take place in Hopewell Cemetery.

ALLEN.—Mrs. Allen, a niece of Mr. C. W. Vaughan, of Herndon, died of consumption Friday, after a long illness.

Help the Orphans.

A meeting to organize a local society of the Children's Home for Visiting Children, to be held in the Phoenix Hotel last Thursday night.

Rev. F. M. Elliott, State Superintendent, called the meeting to order and gave an outline of the work that is being carried out in different States. The object of the organization is to help the orphaned children of the state.

He said that this was more applications for help than he had ever before received in one day. On the same day three requests were made to him to speak at meetings.

Mr. Elliott was greatly encouraged during his visit here. Many of our people pledged themselves for aid in the benevolent work, and the outlook is altogether very promising.

The local Advisory Board had been made up before the meeting was called.

The following gentlemen comprise the board:

Clarence Anderson, President.

G. H. Johnson, Vice President.

Allan M. Wallace, Secretary.

Geo. D. Dalton, Treasurer.

Dr. Eager and Drs. Stites Medical Advisors.

John Young, W. P. Winfree, J. S. Forey, Nat Gathier, E. B. Bassett, Jno. D. Hill, Dr. A. E. Bentley.

Parties who pledge themselves in any amount are requested to hand same to Mr. Geo. D. Dalton, Treasurer.

The people of the city and country are urged to contribute for this benevolent work. It is non-sectarian and the society's only aim is to find homes for orphans who are unprovided for.

Persons who take children in their homes will give them all the advantage of education and care until they attain their majority.

Let every person who is able come forward and assist in the grand work.

The meetings of the local board will be held bi-monthly. The next meeting will be held at Anderson's gallery on Thursday evening, August 10 at 8 o'clock.

Any information desired will be furnished by the president.

Two Splendid Relics.

Prof. J. W. Bingham, of Union City, Tenn., called at the headquarters yesterday. He stated that he owned both the Jeff Davis and Lincoln cabin. The latter is located in Larue county, Ky., and the former in Todd county, Ky. He wishes to confer with the management in reference to bringing them here for exhibition at the State Fair.

They are in good condition to bring here for this purpose, should the management so direct. Director General Lewis is out of the city, but the master will receive prompt attention.

The exhibition of these two cabins, each containing relics of the great Civil War, would add a striking feature to the great Exposition.—Nashville American.

Administrator's Notice.

All persons having claims against the estate of the late J. W. Stith, are directed to file same with me, properly verified, or do so before Sept. 1, 1896.

W. A. P. Poole, Admin.

Gen. P. Wat Hardin was in the city yesterday for a few hours on his way from Bowling Green to Crittenden Springs. He was warmly welcomed by many friends who are always glad to see him and shake his hand. Gen. Hardin is confident of a sweeping victory for Democracy in Kentucky and the country at large.

E. H. Price,

Corner of Twelfth and Liberty Streets.

Hopkinsville,

has a FULL STOCK of the CHOICEST

Groceries.

Prompt attention given to all orders.

Give him a trial.

Telephone 117.

Best Leaf Lard 7c.

Machine Oil

From 15c Gal.

on up

.....At.....

J. O. Cook's.

9th St., Near L. & N. Depot.

Telephone 89.

SPECIAL LOCALS.

A. BOALES, D.D.S.

Dentist.

Office: South Main Street, middle of block opp. First Nat'l. Bank. Hours from 8:30 to 12 and from 1 to 6.

Are You Going to the Picnic?

If so you should go to Clark's and provide yourself with all the dainty morsels that can only be found there. They have everything in stock, fresh and pure, in canned soups, sardines, meats, lobster for salads, olive oil, anchovies, jellies, biscuits, cheese, etc. Fruits and vegetables, as well as butter and eggs, are received daily.

WE UNDERBY AND UNDERSL.

E. Clark & Co.,

Cit. Market House.

The State College of Kentucky

Opens September 10th, 1896.

Instruction is provided in Agriculture, Horticulture, Mechanical Engineering, Civil Engineering, Classes, Normal School Work and in three Scientific Courses of Study, viz.: Chemical, Biological and Mathematical.

County appointees receive tuition, matriculation, room rent, fuel and light free. County appointees who remain ten consecutive months or one year also receive traveling expenses. Board in Dormitory, \$2.25 per week; for private families \$3.00 to \$4.00 per week.

For catalogues and other information, address,

James H. Patterson, Ph. D., LL. D., President,

LEXINGTON, KY.